



Precalculus

Topic: Inequalities

Instructions

Solve the following inequalities. Show all your steps clearly and express your answers in interval notation.

Practice Problems

1. Solve the following linear inequalities:

- i. $2x + 5 > 15$
- ii. $3(x - 2) + 4 \leq 10$
- iii. $\frac{x+3}{2} \geq 7$
- iv. $5x - 3 < 2x + 9$
- v. $4x - 7 > 9$
- vi. $6x + 3 \leq 15$
- vii. $x - 4 \geq 2$

2. Solve the nonlinear inequality. Express the solution using interval notation and graph the solution:

- i. $x^2 - 5x + 6 \geq 0$
- ii. $3x^2 + 12x + 9 < 0$
- iii. $x^2 - 4 > 0$
- iv. $2x^2 - 3x - 2 \leq 0$

- v. $x^3 - x^2 - 6x > 0$
- vi. $x^2 - 4 \leq 0$
- vii. $\frac{x+1}{x-2} \geq 0$
- viii. $x^2 + x - 6 < 0$

3. Solve the following absolute value inequalities:

- i. $|x - 3| < 7$
- ii. $2|x + 1| \geq 8$
- iii. $|2x - 5| \leq 3$
- iv. $|x + 4| - 2 > 6$
- v. $|3x - 7| \leq 5$
- vi. $|x + 2| > 4$
- vii. $2|x - 6| \leq 12$

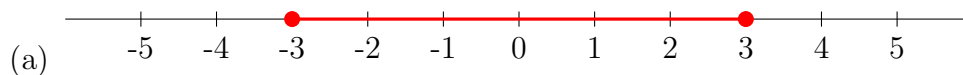
4. Solve the following inequalities involving rational expressions:

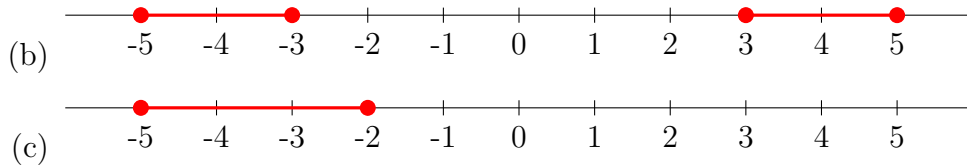
- i. $\frac{x+2}{x-1} > 0$
- ii. $\frac{2x-3}{x+4} \leq 0$
- iii. $\frac{x^2-4}{x+2} \geq 0$
- iv. $\frac{x-1}{x^2-4} < 0$

5. Graph the solution sets of the following inequalities:

- i. $x^2 - 4 \leq 0$
- ii. $|x - 2| > 3$
- iii. $\frac{x+3}{x-1} > 0$
- iv. $2x - 5 \geq 7$
- v. $|x + 1| \leq 5$
- vi. $x^2 + x - 6 > 0$
- vii. $\frac{2x-7}{x+3} \leq 0$

6. Determine the inequality involving an absolute value that matches the graph:





Multiple Choice Questions

Choose the correct answer:

1. Solve $x^2 - 9 < 0$:
 - (a) $x \in (-3, 3)$
 - (b) $x \in (-\infty, -3) \cup (3, \infty)$
 - (c) $x \in [3, \infty)$
 - (d) None of the above
2. Solve $|x - 2| \geq 5$:
 - (a) $x \in [7, \infty)$
 - (b) $x \in (-\infty, -3] \cup [7, \infty)$
 - (c) $x \in (-\infty, -3) \cup (7, \infty)$
 - (d) None of the above
3. Solve $\frac{x+4}{x-3} \leq 0$:
 - (a) $x \in [-4, 3)$
 - (b) $x \in (-\infty, -4] \cup (3, \infty)$
 - (c) $x \in (-4, 3)$
 - (d) None of the above
4. Solve $2x - 7 > 3$:
 - (a) $x > 5$
 - (b) $x < 5$
 - (c) $x \leq 5$
 - (d) None of the above
5. Solve $x^2 + 2x \leq 8$:
 - (a) $x \in [-4, 2]$
 - (b) $x \in (-\infty, -4) \cup (2, \infty)$
 - (c) $x \in (-4, 2)$
 - (d) None of the above