



A Level Maths

Topic: Constant Acceleration Equations (SUVAT)

Instructions

Answer all questions. Show complete working. Use the SUVAT equations where applicable.

Practice Questions

1. A car accelerates from rest at a constant acceleration of 2 m/s^2 . Find the velocity after 5 seconds.
2. A stone is thrown vertically upwards with an initial velocity of 15 m/s . Find the time taken for the stone to reach its maximum height.
3. A car travels with an initial velocity of 20 m/s and accelerates at 2 m/s^2 for 10 seconds. Find the distance traveled by the car.
4. A body is moving with an initial velocity of 10 m/s and decelerates at 3 m/s^2 . Find the time it takes for the body to come to rest.
5. A car starts from rest and accelerates at 3 m/s^2 for 8 seconds. Find the distance it travels during this time.
6. A particle is moving with an initial velocity of 5 m/s and accelerates at 4 m/s^2 . Find the velocity after 3 seconds and the distance traveled during this time.
7. A ball is dropped from a height. Find the time taken for the ball to reach the ground, assuming the acceleration due to gravity is 9.8 m/s^2 and the initial velocity is 0.
8. A rocket is launched vertically with an initial velocity of 50 m/s and accelerates at 10 m/s^2 . Find the time taken for the rocket to reach a height of 1000 m.
9. A train moves with an initial velocity of 10 m/s and decelerates at 0.5 m/s^2 until it comes to a stop. Calculate the total distance covered during the deceleration.

10. A car accelerates uniformly from 0 m/s to 30 m/s in 10 seconds. Find the acceleration and the distance covered during this time.

Multiple-Choice Questions

1. A car accelerates from rest at 4 m/s^2 . What is its velocity after 8 seconds?
 - A. 24 m/s
 - B. 32 m/s
 - C. 36 m/s
 - D. 40 m/s
2. A stone is dropped from a height and falls under gravity. How long will it take to fall 20 meters? (Assume $g = 10 \text{ m/s}^2$)
 - A. 2 seconds
 - B. 4 seconds
 - C. 3 seconds
 - D. 5 seconds
3. A ball is thrown vertically upwards with an initial velocity of 12 m/s. What is the time taken for the ball to reach the maximum height? (Assume $g = 9.8 \text{ m/s}^2$)
 - A. 1.2 seconds
 - B. 1.5 seconds
 - C. 1.8 seconds
 - D. 2.0 seconds
4. A car starts from rest and accelerates uniformly at 2 m/s^2 . How far will the car travel in 10 seconds?
 - A. 50 meters
 - B. 100 meters
 - C. 150 meters
 - D. 200 meters
5. A body is moving with an initial velocity of 20 m/s and accelerates at 5 m/s^2 for 4 seconds. What will be its final velocity?
 - A. 40 m/s
 - B. 50 m/s
 - C. 60 m/s
 - D. 70 m/s